CLAIM AMENDMENTS

Please amend the claims to read as provided in the following claim listing.

- 1. (Original) A communications receiver that comprises:
 - an analog-to-digital converter that samples a DMT (discrete multi-tone) signal to obtain a digital receive signal;
 - a transform module coupled to the analog-to-digital converter and configured to determine amplitudes associated with frequency components of the digital receive signal; and
 - a detection module configured to determine a channel symbol from the amplitudes while accounting for correlation between the amplitudes.
- 2. (Original) The receiver of claim 1, wherein the detection module determines the most probable channel symbol given the amplitudes determined by the transform module.
- 3. (Original) The receiver of claim 1, wherein the detection module includes:
 - a weighted sum unit associated with each frequency component, wherein each weighted sum unit combines a plurality of amplitudes from the transform module in a manner designed to minimize any error between the output of the weighted sum unit and a valid output value.
- 4. (Original) The receiver of claim 1, wherein the detection module determines the channel symbol that corresponds to a matrix product of a matrix M and a vector of amplitudes from the transform module, wherein the matrix M minimizes a square of an expected error between the channel symbol and valid channel symbols.
- 5. (Original) The receiver of claim 1, wherein the detection module includes:
 - a subtraction module that removes trailing intersymbol interference from the output of the transform module to obtain ISI-corrected frequency component values;

- a decision unit that determines a matrix product of a matrix M and a vector of ISIcorrected frequency component values to obtain the channel symbol; and
- a feedback module that determines a matrix product of a matrix T and the channel symbol from the decision unit to provide the trailing intersymbol interference to the subtraction module.
- 6. (Original) The receiver of claim 1, further comprising:
 - a time domain equalizer that operates on the digital receive signal to maximize a percentage of impulse response energy in a predetermined interval.
- 7. (Original) The receiver of claim 1, further comprising:
 - a cyclic prefix remover that removes prefixes from the digital receive signal, each prefix being associated with a respective channel symbol.
- 8. (Original) The receiver of claim 1, further comprising:
 - an error correction code decoder that decodes channel symbols received from the detection module.
- 9. (Original) The receiver of claim 1, wherein the transform module performs a fast Fourier Transform (FFT) on the receive signal in each channel symbol interval.
- 10. (Currently amended) The receiver of claim 1 A communications receiver that comprises:
 - an analog-to-digital converter that samples a DMT (discrete multi-tone) signal to obtain a digital receive signal;
 - a transform module coupled to the analog-to-digital converter and configured to

 determine amplitudes associated with frequency components of the digital receive

 signal; and
 - a detection module configured to determine a channel symbol from the amplitudes while accounting for correlation between the amplitudes,

wherein the transform module includes a bank of matched bandpass filters.

- 11. (Original) A method of receiving OFDM (orthogonal frequency division multiplexing) modulated data, wherein the method comprises:
 - determining a set of frequency component amplitudes associated with a channel symbol interval of a receive signal; and
 - determining a channel symbol associated with the set of frequency component amplitudes while accounting for correlation between the amplitudes.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein said determining a channel symbol includes: identifying a channel symbol that is most probably correct given the set of frequency component amplitudes.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein said determining a channel symbol includes: for each frequency component:
 - calculating a weighted sum of frequency component amplitudes that minimizes expected error energy of the frequency component.
- 14. (Currently amended) The method-of-claim-11 A method of receiving OFDM (orthogonal frequency division multiplexing) modulated data, wherein the method comprises:
 - determining a set of frequency component amplitudes associated with a channel symbol interval of a receive signal; and
 - determining a channel symbol associated with the set of frequency component amplitudes

 while accounting for correlation between the amplitudes, wherein said
 determining a channel symbol includes:
 - determining a product of a matrix M and the set of frequency component amplitudes, wherein the matrix M includes at least two non-zero values in each row.

- 15. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein said determining a channel symbol includes:
 - subtracting intersymbol interference from the set of frequency component amplitudes to obtain an ISI-corrected set of frequency component amplitudes;
 - determining a product of a matrix M and the ISI-corrected set of frequency component amplitudes to obtain the channel symbol; and
 - determining a product of a matrix T and the channel symbol to obtain the intersymbol interference in a subsequent set of frequency component amplitudes.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 11, further comprising:
 - processing the receive signal to shorten the effective channel impulse response before performing said determining a set of frequency component amplitudes.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 11, further comprising:
 - removing a prefix from each symbol interval of the receive signal before performing said determining a set of frequency component amplitudes.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein said determining a set of frequency component amplitudes includes:

converting the receive signal into digital form; and performing a fast Fourier Transform on the digital receive signal.

- 19. (Original) A communications system that comprises:
 - a transmitter that transmits an OFDM modulated signal; and
 - a receiver that receives and demodulates a corrupted version of the OFDM modulated signal, wherein the receiver includes:
 - an analog-to-digital converter that samples the corrupted OFDM-modulated signal to obtain a digital receive signal;

- a transform module coupled to the analog-to-digital converter and configured to determine amplitudes associated with frequency components of the digital receive signal; and
- a detection module configured to determine a channel symbol from the amplitudes while accounting for correlation between the amplitudes.
- 20. (Original) The system of claim 19, wherein the detection module determines the most probable channel symbol given the amplitudes determined by the transform module.
- 21. (Original) The system of claim 19, wherein the detection module includes:
 - a weighted sum unit associated with each frequency component, wherein each weighted sum unit combines a plurality of amplitudes from the transform module in a manner designed to minimize any error between the output of the weighted sum unit and a valid output value.
- 22. (Original) The system of claim 19, wherein the detection module determines the channel symbol that corresponds to a matrix product of a matrix M and a vector of amplitudes from the transform module, wherein the matrix M minimizes a square of an expected error between the channel symbol and valid channel symbols.
- 23. (Original) The system of claim 19, wherein the detection module includes:
 - a subtraction module that removes trailing intersymbol interference from the output of the transform module to obtain ISI-corrected frequency component values;
 - a decision unit that determines a matrix product of a matrix M and a vector of ISIcorrected frequency component values to obtain the channel symbol; and
 - a feedback module that determines a matrix product of a matrix T and the channel symbol from the decision unit to provide the trailing intersymbol interference to the subtraction module.